This Day in History... January 7, 1830 Happy Birthday, Albert Bierstadt

Artist Albert Bierstadt was born on January 7, 1830, in Solingen, Germany. He was the most successful of the Hudson River School artists and his paintings of the American West helped inspire increased settlement.

Bierstadt's family moved to America in 1831, settling in New Bedford, Massachusetts. Bierstadt had an interest in art from an early age, making detailed drawings in crayon when he was a child.

Bierstadt began oil painting in 1851, and two years later returned to Germany to study at the Dusseldorf Academy for several years. In 1857, he returned to New Bedford to teach drawing and painting for a short time before deciding to become a full-time painter.

As he gravitated toward capturing landscapes and the unique effects of natural lighting, Bierstadt took to painting upstate New York and New England scenes, joining the Hudson River School Art Movement. Named for the area where their style first developed during the early 1800s, these artists created romantic scenes of unspoiled nature. Like most of the group, Bierstadt had a studio in New York City. From there, he traveled to the nearby Hudson River area to paint its beautiful uninhabited mountains, lakes, and forests. Bierstadt hecame the most financially successful of all the Hudson River R



Albert Bierstadt (1830-1902) 32USA

This 1998 stamp pictures Bierstadt's painting The Last of the Buffalo.

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Soon Bierstadt craved new scenery, so he joined the Westward expedition of Colonel Frederick Lander in 1859. The goal of the expedition was to plot a wagon route from Wyoming to the Pacific. Bierstadt traveled as far as the Rocky Mountains, making on-the-spot sketches of Native Americans, emigrants, animals, and landscapes.

Bierstadt then returned to New York City and began transforming his drawings and pictures into huge landscapes, some 6 by 10 feet in size. Bierstadt captured the majesty of the American West, glorifying its pristine landscapes, wild animals, and Native Americans. Using a technique called luminism, Bierstadt bathed water and sky in exaggerated



These 2014 stamps honor the Hudson River School.

light, portraying America as the new Garden of Eden. These first western paintings were an instant success, and Bierstadt would make several more trips west during his lifetime.

Bierstadt was drafted during the Civil War and paid a substitute to serve in his place. He did spend some time with soldiers, producing the painting *Guerrilla Warfare*, *Civil War*, which received positive reviews.

In 1867, Bierstadt went to London and displayed two of his paintings in a private viewing with Queen Victoria. He then spent two years traveling through Europe gaining support for his work and promoting the American West as a place of promise, which has been credited with increasing European emigration. Back in America, his paintings of the Yosemite Valley generated significant publicity for the area, leading many explorers

to request his services on their westward expeditions. He was also hired by the Atchison, Topeka, and Santa Fe Railroad to visit and paint the Grand Canyon.

Bierstadt's wife was diagnosed with tuberculosis in 1876. From then until her death in 1893, they lived in Nassau, Bahamas. During this time, Bierstadt's work dropped in popularity and was criticized for being too theatrical. A fire then destroyed many of his paintings in 1882. Bierstadt, who had produced over 500 paintings during his lifetime, died on February 18, 1902, and was largely forgotten for several decades. In the 1960s, some of his small oil paintings were exhibited, generating a new appreciation for his talent and art. One critic noted that his "theatrical art, fervent sociability, international outlook, and unquenchable personal energy reflected the epic expansion in every facet of western civilization during the second half of the nineteenth century."



This 2008 stamp pictures Bierstadt's painting Valley of the Yosemite.

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