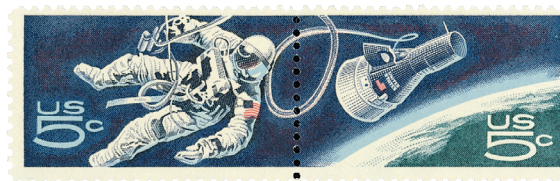


## This Day in History... September 29, 1967

### Accomplishments in Space Issue

On September 29, 1967, the US Post Office issued its first attached pair of stamps to have a continuous design.

The stamps, officially titled *Accomplishments in Space*, were issued to honor the 9th anniversary of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA). They were the first stamps to be designed by renowned space artist Paul Calle.

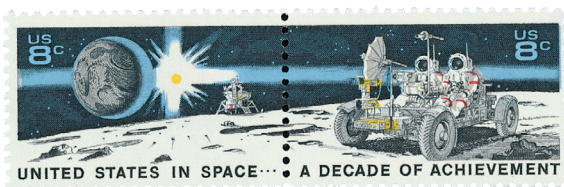


*America's first twin stamps*

These stamps are also often known as the “Space Twins,” as they’re the first twin stamps ever issued by the US with one design continuing across both stamps. The stamps picture a space-suited astronaut floating near the Gemini 4 Capsule.

Launched on June 3, 1965, the objective of Gemini 4 was to assess the effects of prolonged space flight on both the crew and the spacecraft. Two secondary objectives included an attempt to rendezvous with another object orbiting Earth and the first-ever US space walk, or Extravehicular Activity (EVA).

Although his hand-held maneuvering unit ran out of gas after just a few seconds, astronaut Ed White used the gold-covered tether to pull himself around in space. White’s walk was so special, it took the people at NASA several minutes to convince White to get back in the spacecraft.



*A pair of Space Achievement stamps issued in 1971 that also has an image spanning across two stamps.*

Artist Paul Calle used photos of White’s space walk, as the basis for his stamp art. White’s famous spacewalk occurred on June 3, 1965. White and two other astronauts died in early 1967 when the Apollo 1 space capsule caught fire on the launching pad.

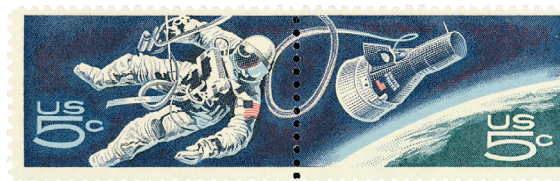
The First Day of Issue ceremony for these stamps was held on September 29, 1967, at Kennedy Space Center, Florida, the launch site of the Gemini 4 mission.

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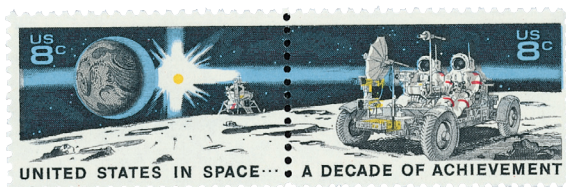


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