This Day in History... December 9, 1965 **Debut of A Charlie Brown Christmas**

On December 9, 1965, A Charlie Brown Christmas first aired on TV.

Charles Schulz's *Peanuts* comic strip debuted on October 2, 1950. By the mid-60s, it had become a worldwide phenomenon. After the Peanuts gang was pictured on the cover of Time Magazine, Coca-Cola commissioned a Christmas special starring the characters.

A Charlie Brown Christmas was written and animated in just six months. The script was simple, sparse, and heavily influenced by Schulz' background.

Deeply religious, he wanted to focus on what he believed the "true meaning" All the stamps on this page of Christmas" to be. Schulz then added secular themes taken from his were issued for the 50th Minnesota childhood, including a school play, falling snow, and ice-skating.

Professional child actors were only used for the voices of Charlie Brown and Linus. Schulz convinced the producers to use regular children for the remaining characters. Studio employees took tape recorders home and had their children audition for the parts. Gibberish was recorded for Snoopy and sped up to make his unique sound. Schulz also resisted the use of a laugh track, which was widely

used during the '60s.



Initially, Charles Schulz wasn't interested in animation.

Television producer Lee Mendelson was the driving force behind A Charlie Brown Christmas. Composer and conductor Vince Guaraldi provided jazzy original songs, resulting in a fresh, up-tempo holiday sound unlike any before it.

As he began production on A Charlie Brown Christmas, Mendelson approached Guaraldi to arrange the soundtrack. Guaraldi wrote "Linus and Lucy" and "Christmas Time Is Here" for the special. A choir of children, some chosen because they were slightly off-key, was selected to record the songs. Sessions ran late into the night and ended with rewards of ice cream.

Work on A Charlie Brown Christmas was completed just 10 days before its scheduled premiere. Executives previewing the special thought it was terrible, one claiming, "My golly, we've killed it." But one animator deemed it "the best special... this show is going to run for a hundred years."

A Charlie Brown Christmas premiered on December 9, 1965, at 7:30

p.m. It was watched by some 45 percent of the viewing audience that night - an estimated 15,490,000 homes. It was the number two show in the ratings that night, after *Bonanza*. In spite of the executives' fears, it was very well received by viewers and critics alike. Fresh and innovative, A Charlie Brown Christmas featured a number of entertainment "firsts." Together with its creator, the animated musical special also influenced the television industry, ushering in a host of changes.

A Charlie Brown Christmas was the first to use children to voice animated characters. It also established the half-hour animated special as a holiday tradition, inspiring other classics like *Frosty the Snowman* and *How*

Aluminum tree sales declined after the special, in which Charlie Brown refused to get a fake tree.

the Grinch Stole Christmas. It was also groundbreaking in its biblical references. When executives tried to talk Schulz out of them, he replied, "If we don't do it, who will?" As it turned out, Linus' recitation from the Gospel of Luke is considered one of the most powerful moments in the film.

A Charlie Brown Christmas went on to earn an Emmy and a Peabody Award and has become a holiday tradition for millions of Americans.

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anniversary of the special.

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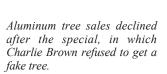
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